

Do you have an Orthotic Service in your Trust / Health Board? If so, please can you arrange for the appropriate person to complete and return the attached form.

Please find the attached form completed as requested.

This form has 7 pages. Unless you are prompted to skip a question or to stop answering, please ensure you answer all questions before returning the form.

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		s <u>"Yes"</u> plea ition is requ		ection 2. If	f the answer	is <u>"No"</u> no
	110			_		
X	Yes					
1. Do	es your	Trust/Health	Board have a	n orthotics	department?	

Section 2

2.1 Which of the following best describe your Orthotic Service? (select all that apply option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

Χ	NHS In-house service (This means the orthotists are directly		
	employed by your Trust/Health Board)		
	NHS Contracted service (This means an external contractor employs		
	the orthotists)		

2.2 Does your Orthotic Service provide bespoke insoles to patients? (select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X	Yes (continue to question 2.3)
	No (end of questionnaire)

2.3 How many bespoke insole orders did your Orthotic service place in the 2021/22 financial year?

(In this context we assume that a "bespoke insole order" is likely to be either a pair of insoles for one patient, or a single insole for one patient)

Data not available 2.4 Does your Orthotic Service ever provide bespoke insoles which have been **manufactured** using computer-aided processes, such as addition manufacture/3D printing, or reduction manufacture/milling insoles from a digital scan?

(Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X	Yes (skip to question 2.6)
	No (continue to question 2.5)

2.5 What are the barriers for using computer aided manufacture for custom insoles in your Orthotic service? (Select **all that apply** by entering "X" in the left-hand column).

The seek of seek	aning agricum and		
The cost of scanning equipment			
The cost of mar	The cost of manufacturing equipment (millers, 3D printers, etc.)		
Insufficient acce	ess to computer equipment to support CAD/CAM		
systems			
Computer aided	I manufacture does not fit with the current priorities		
of your service			
Insufficient train	ning to use CAD/CAM equipment		
Perception that	traditional methods produce better insoles		
Perception of be	etter patient outcomes with traditional methods		
Other. Please	Free-text reason:		
provide a			
reason in the			
right-hand			
column			

If you have completed question 2.5, this is now the end of the form.

If you were not asked to complete question 2.5 you should continue to the next page.

2.6 Which methods are used to **manufacture** bespoke insoles in your Orthotic service? (Select **all that apply** by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

	service: (Select an that apply by entering X in the left hand column)
Χ	In-house Traditional. You have staff on site in your service who
	use heat moulding / draping techniques to produce the insole
	In-house Computer Aided Manufacture using Reduction
	Manufacture. You have milling equipment on site in your service
	and mill insoles from a block of material
	In-house Computer Aided Manufacture using Additive
	Manufacture. You have a "3Dprinter" on site in your service and
	manufacture insoles using additive processes
	Outsourced Traditional. Your casts or models are sent to an
	external technical company who use heat moulding / draping
	techniques to produce the insole
Χ	Outsourced Computer Aided Manufacture using Reduction
	Manufacture. Your casts, models or scans are sent to an external
	technical company who mill insoles from a block of material
	Outsourced Computer Aided Manufacture using Additive
	Manufacture. Your casts, models or scans are sent to an external
	technical company who manufacture the insoles using an additive
	process / "3D printer"
	Do not know - only select this option if your insoles are usually
	manufactured externally and you do not have knowledge of the
	external processes

Questions continue on next page

The	definitions for	the terms	used in	these o	questions,	are explained	l on
pag	je 3.						

2.7	In your Orthotic s	service, what percentage of insoles were ma	de using
	In-house Tradit	tional Manufacture in the 2021/22 financial	year?
	Approx 5%		

2.8	In your Orthotic service, what percentage of insoles were made using
	In-house Computer Aided Manufacture with Reduction Manufacture
	in the 2021/22 financial year?
	%

2.9	In your Orthotic s	service, what percentage of insoles were made using In-
	house Compute	er Aided Manufacture with Additive Manufacture (3D
	printed) in the 2	2021/22 financial year?
	0/0	

2.10	In your Orthotic	service, what percentage of insoles were made using
Ou	tsourced Tradi	tional Manufacture in the 2021/22 financial year?
	%	

2.11 In your Orthotic service, what **percentage** of insoles were made using **Outsourced Computer Aided Manufacture with Reduction Manufacture** in the 2021/22 financial year?

Approx 95%

2.12 I	n your Orthotic	c service, what percentage of insoles were made using	g
Out	sourced Comp	puter Aided Manufacture with Additive Manufactu	ire
(30	printed) in th	<u>h</u> e 2021/22 financial year?	
	%		

Questions continue on next page

Section 3

The following questions relate **only** to the insoles produced by computer aided design and manufacture (CAD/CAM). These may be manufactured in-house or externally.

If your service and/or insole manufacturer do not use this method, you do not need to answer any further questions.

- 3.1 How long has your Orthotic service provided bespoke insoles to patients, which were produced using computer aided manufacture processes?

 8 years
- 3.2 Does your Orthotic service ever use foam box impression casts to capture the shape of the patient's foot, when prescribing CAD/CAM insoles? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X Yes (continue to question 3.3)
No (skip to question 3.4)

3.3 Is the negative foam box impression cast **usually** scanned into the CAD/CAM system, or is it filled with plaster first and then the positive model scanned? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

Χ	The negative foam box is usually scanned
	The foam box is usually filled with plaster and the positive cast is
	then scanned
	Do not know – only select this option if your insoles are usually
	manufactured externally and you do not have knowledge of the
	external processes

3.2 Are the foam box impression casts usually transported to another site to be scanned into the CAD/CAM system? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X Yes - they are usually sent to another hospital or external manufacturer to be filled with plaster and/or scanned

No - they are usually scanned on the same site that the patient attended for their appointment

3.3 Does your Orthotic service ever use slipper casts / plaster casts to capture the shape of the patient's foot, when prescribing CAD/CAM insoles? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X	Yes (continue to question 3.4)
	No (skip to question 3.5)

3.4 Are the slipper casts / plaster casts usually transported to another site to be filled with plaster and scanned into the CAD/CAM system? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

X	Yes – they are usually sent to another hospital or external
	manufacturer to be filled with plaster and / or scanned
	No – they are usually filled with plaster and scanned on the same
	site that the patient attended for their appointment

3.5 In your Orthotic service, which is the **most common method** used to capture the shape of the patient's foot, when prescribing CAD/CAM insoles (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

	Direct 3D scan using a flat-bed scanner	
	Direct 3D scan	using a handheld scanner
Χ	Foam box impre	ession cast
	Slipper cast / pl	laster cast
	Measurements	only (using tracings or tape measures etc.)
	Other. Please	Free-text:
	specify in the	
	right-hand	
	column	

Questions continue on next page

3.6 Who is **usually** responsible for performing the modelling/rectification of the CAD/CAM insoles that your Orthotic service provide? (Select **only one** option by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

	(Sciect only on	c option by entering X in the left hand column)
	The orthotist who assessed the patient	
	Another orthotist who did not assess the patient	
	A clinical assis	tant
Χ	A technician	
	Do not know -	only select this option if your insoles are usually
	manufactured	externally and you do not have knowledge of the
	external proce	sses
	Other. Please	Free-text:
	specify in the	
	right-hand	
	column	

3.7 In your Orthotic service, what are the reasons for using CAD/CAM insoles? (Select **all options that apply** by entering "X" in the left-hand column)

	Select an options that apply by entering X in the left hand column,
	Perception that CAD/CAM insoles produce better patient outcomes
	CAD/CAD production is cheaper for us than traditional techniques
Χ	CAD/CAM insole production is faster than the traditional options
	The production of CAD/CAM insoles is more environmentally friendly than traditional techniques
	Patients request the use of CAD/CAM
Χ	CAD/CAM insoles are more easily repeatable than traditional insoles
	Producing insoles with CAD/CAM facilitates us in running more
	virtual Orthotic clinics
	Producing insoles with CAD/CAM allows us to reduce physical
	contact with patients
	The Covid-19 pandemic prompted us to increase the use of
	CAD/CAM insole production
	Producing insoles with CAD/CAM allowed our Orthotic service to
	resume work more quickly following the onset of the Covid-19
	pandemic

END OF QUESTIONS